

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

FRIDAY, JUNE 7, 1872.

THE RADICAL NOMINATIONS. -As announced yesterday, the Radical Convention at Philadelphia has nominated Gen. Grant for re-election as President of the U.S., and Senator Wilson, of Mass., for Vice President. The nomination of Gen. Grant was unanimous, but that of Mr. Wilson was not expected, generally, by out-

The Senate was in session yesterday afternoon when Mr. W. received the first announcement of the settlement of the question of the Vice Presidency, and his nomination on the first ballot. Soon thereafter Mr. Colfax came in, and with a smile offered his hand to Wilson in congratulation Messrs. Trumbull, Schurz, Tipton, and others, congratulated their associate on his good fortune. Mr. Colfax immediately dispatched a telegram to the Indiana Delegation at the Convention, thanking them for their exertions in his behalf, and adding, "I support the ticket cheerfully."

The vote on the first ballot was for Colfax, 321; for Wilson, 364; Virginia voted for J. F. Lewis. The announcement of the vote of Pennsylvania, solid for Wilson, called forth great cheers; so, also, the vote of New York for Colfax. At the close of the call Virginia changed her 20 votes to Wilson, which gave him the nomination. Several other changes were made, when Mr. Lane, of Indiana, moved that Mr. Wilson's nomination be made unanimous, which was agreed to, followed by great cheering.

TAE RADICAL PLATFORM, adopted at Philadelphia, contains eighteen articles. The first is laudatory of what the Administration has done, and the last is laudatory especially of Gen. Grant. The Baltimore Sun has the following condensed statement of the whole:

Upon the tariff and revenue questions the platform contains the following nicely poised declarations:

"The annual revenue, after paying the current debt, should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal, and the revenues, except so much as may be derived from a tax on tobacco and liquor, be raised by duties upon importations, the duties on which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor and promote the industries,

prosperity and growth of the whole country. By the ingenious invention of a new phrase, the colored race are promised "complete liberty and exact equality in civil, political and public rights." (whatever this last may mean,) in lieu of the absolute social equality designed to be secured to them by Mr. Sumper's bill. The female suffrage party is regaled with the assurance that the republican party "views with field of usefulness," qualified by the intimation however, that it is only "loyal women" whose social advancement is thus favored. The President and Congress are declared to be entitled to the thanks of the nation "for their measures for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately rebellious regions, and for the protection of the ballot-box," which may be accepted as an endorsement of the Ku-Klux and bayonet elec-

The action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion is at the same time approved. A general approval is also given to the principle of civil service reform. Our present national currency is pronounced "excellent." with the hope that it may be "perfected" by a speedy resumption of specie payments. The encouragement of immigration, abolition of the franking privilege, and cheap postage are advocated, and further grants of the public lands (what there is left of them) to corporations and monopolies is deprecated. The extending of bounties to soldiers and sailors of the Union in the late war is advocated, without reference to time of service.

Upon the labor question there is a "plank" which is designed to be equally acceptable to labor and capital, and which neither can quarrel with, as each can interpret it to its own satisfaction. In the same spirit of non commitalism, we have it laid down as the duty of the government to encourage American commerce and shipbuilding, without any suggestion of the particular "measures" to be resorted to for the purpose.

The Baltimore Sun in giving this summary says: "The platform lacks the unity of purpose, distinctness and clearness of definition, and terseness of expression which characterize the Cincinnati platform and address. Its multitude of phrases serves to embody more than the usual number of "glittering generalities," and furnish a fresh illustration of the proverbial fondness of political platform-makers for high sounding commonplace.'

THE SUMNER MATTER AGAIN.-Yesterday, Mr. Chandler in the Senate, made a speech, contending that the late Mr. Stanton did not and could not have made the remarks concerning Gen. Grant, attributed to him by Mr. Sumner, as to his knowledge Mr. Stanton had taste has been refined by prolonged foreign a high opinion of Gen. Grant-and the latter was the devoted friend of Mr. Stanton.

Mr. Sumner said all the answer that he would make would be to read a letter which had come to him this morning; that would be answer enough. He again declared that Mr. Stanton did say to him what he had repeated, and that declaration he (Mr. S.) now again affirmed before this Chamber, In suggesting that he had not spoken for Grant Mr. Stanton doubtless meant that he did not speak for Grant, but for the whole Republican party. Mr. S. then read the following:

"PHILADELPHIA, June 4. "Dear Mr. Sumner-The late Secretary Stanton not once merely but several times expressed himself to me substantially the same epinion of General Grant that he did to you, with the addition that General Grant had been greatly overrated as a military commander. As to the latter point I recall a long conversation with him after the fighting at Spotsylvania Court House, in which he (S.) expressed | Mission infant class was depicted on the back, more appreheusion of the results of the campaign than I had ever known him to feel con- ant scholars up the sides and on the skirt, cerning any campaign. He felt that he could while a country poultry fair and a group of not continue to fill up the awful gaps made by Lee in our ranks without a further call on the loyal States for troops. But I suppose you loyal States for troops. But I suppose you have all about that. During a portion of this local states for troops. But I suppose you have all about that. During a portion of this local states for troops. But I suppose you have been loved the state of the left sleeve had on it the alphaloyal States for troops. But I suppose you know all about that. During a portion of this conversation he kept Chandler cooling his

indecorous for me to remain while a Senator HORACE WHITE." desired an audience. [Mr. White is editor of the Chicago Tribune, and was formerly Mr. Stanton's confidential

secretary.]

THE TREATY AGIAN. - In the British House of Lords, yesterday, Earl Derby read a letter from Sir Stafford Northcote, correcting a statement made by the former in his speech last Monday, to the effect that there was no understanding between the members of the Joint High Commission that indirect claims were not to be presented, and that the Commissioners were therefore careless in drawing up the treaty. He declares positively that the Commissioners did understand that a promise was given that the claims for indirect damages would be withdrawn. Earl Granville also read a letter from Mr. Schenck, the American Minister, affirming that the supplemental article is amply sufficient to exclude the indirect claims, and authorizing the statement to be made, as coming from Washington, that the article is a final settlement of said claims. The announcement was received with cheers. The Earl of Derby said this put a new face on the matter, and thought the debate ought to stop. [Cheers.] Earl Granville warned the House that the indirect claims had not been withdrawn from the American Case, but that they would be disposed of by the acceptance of the supplemental article to the Treaty of Washington.

The Washington Patriot says : -- "President Grant has already given his farewell dinner to the Cabinet previous to his departue for Long Branch for the summer. The White House is the scene of busy preparation now, and will be vacated on Thursday next by the President's family. If Congress adjourns on Monday, the President will go directly to Long Branch with his family. Should Congress remain in session, he may defer his departure for a day or two.'

The Senate, yesterday, passed a bill to "furth er the administration of justice." The bill provides for the punishment and fine of any person who shall in any way attempt to influence or coerce any juror in the rendition of a verdict. The bill came from the House, and has for a foundation the "reported" intimidation of juries during the Ku-K'ux trials in South Carolina.

The President has issued his proclamation of the recent amnesty authorized by Congress, in which he orders the district attorneys to discontinue all prosecutions pending against persons for violation of the 14th amendment. This relieves those members of the Virginia legislature who have been indicted and who are not

The Fredericksburg News says that saveral Northern gentlemen of ample means have purchased several miles of the gold region of Spotsylvania county, and are having machinery made in the North to get the gold ort of the sulpherets by a new process recently discovered.

A correspondent of the Fredericksburg News writing from Middleburg on the 31st ult. says: "The corps of engineers are already on the Piedmont and Potomac railroad. The survey will be promptly made and work put at once under contract."

As everybody knew that Grant would be nominated at Philadelphia, "the consummation of the deed" excites very little comment, and satisfaction the admission of women to a wide the Conservatives are, as they were, opposed to his election.

Probably Senator Wilson is not a whit better. as a public man, than Vice-President Coltaxand yet some how or other, we are rather pleased that Wilson has beat Colfax.

The next meeting of the International Typographical Union, which will adjourn pobably at Richmond to-day, will be held at Montreal,

The venerable Archibald Dixon, who was the successor of Hen y Clay, in the Senate of the United States, where he served with distinction from 1852 to 1855, has written a long letter in support of the Cincinnati nominees. We copy this from it:-"Without the union of the votes of the Liberals, and all the Democrats, Grant will surely be elected. Three tickets in the field would certainly prevent this union. The truth is, that whether the candidate has been a Whig, or a Democrat, or belonged to any other organization opposed to Democracy, should cut no figure in this contest; nor should any issues of the past, upon which men honestly differed, be dragged from their graves to drive honest men from the support of honest candidates, no matter what the past politics of such candidates may have been. Let the dead issues of the past bury their dead, and let not the remembrance of former mistakes, or errors, or differences of opinion, whatever they may have been, be again paraded upon the political arena to force the true and patriotic men of the country from the support of the principles, in the triumph of which the country can alone hope for safety.

REV. J. A. BROADUS. - A correspondent of the Richmond Enquirer writing an account of the recent Baptist Association, held at Staunton, savs:

There was one very gratifying feature in the anniversaries here. Every house of worship in the city and its vicinity was thrown open to the preachers on Sunday. The discourse of Dr. John A. Broadus at the Episcopal church was a gem in its way. This honored and learned divine, whose mind has been cultivated to the highest degree at our noble University, where he graduated with great distinction, and whose travel, is a model of simplicity and humility. His sermon consisted of a picture and its lessons-of that touching scene in the life of Jesus at Bethany, when, weeping in sympathy with the sisters, he restored their brother to those loving arms which four days before had swathed his corpse. Eyes unused to tears were suftused that day. I heard one of Virginia's strongest intellects, wisest statesmen and ablest speakers say that only one man in Virginia could deliver such a sermon, and that was the man who did it. Bitting and Burrows at the Presbyterian, Grimsley and Curry at the Methodist, Tyree at the Episcopal, and Jeter and Winfree at the Baptist churches gave great satisfaction to their hearers.'

THE NEWEST DOLLY VARDEN. - This is one of the newest descriptions of a Dolly Varden: "The starboard sleeve bore a yellow hop-vine in full leaf, on a red ground, with numbers of gray birds, badly mutilated by the seams, flying hither and you in wild dismay at the approach of a red and black hunter. Calvary the making up of the garment scattering trubet in five different languages.

heels in the ante-room in order to finish what he had to say to me, a mere Bohemian, although I twice suggested that it would be

NEWS OF THE DAY.

To show the very . rge and body of the Times

The storm of Wednesday on the Eastern coast was very disastrous to vessels. The schooner Jane, of Boston, from Bangor, with lumber for Somerset, Massachusetts, was driven ashore on Squam Beach, and Capt. Ames and all hands lost. The schoonen M. M. Freeman, of Dennis, went ashore at Folly Cove, Cape Ann, and only one man was saved. A number of other vessels, mostly schooners, went ashore and were lost, but the crews were saved. It is reported that the Boston pilot boat Pet, with three boat reefers on board, was dashed to pieces on the Cohasset rocks last night in the storm and that all hands perished.

The strike of the stokers at the Philadelphia gas works still continues, but about forty men are at work. The strike was caused by the men being charged with the price of the shovels used by them and other exactions. The trustees advertised for 500 men this morning, but very few applied. Four hundred are on a strike. Last night the gas lights throughout the city were gradually diminishing, and it is law. probable that in a short time the city will be in utter darkness.

Within a few months past several stores and warehouses along the Mississippi river, between St. Louis and Dubuque, Iowa, have been robbed of large amounts of goods, and within a few days it has been ascertained that an orgauized gang of pirates exists in that vicinity whose operations extend on and along the river for several hundred miles above and below St. Louis. Some of the gang have been ar-

Some of the strikers in New York threaten to enliven their proceedings with murder if certain parties who refuse to join in the strike do not abstain from work. So dangerous are their movements that platoons of extra policemen are held in readiness for service. It is feared that serious riots will occur in different portions of the city to-day.

A night or two ago a young and beautiful girl, about 19 years of age, named Emilie Liemberger, arrived at the Union Depot Hotel, in Pittsburg, and registered her name as being from Baltimore. She was next morning, breathing her last, having taken morphine. The suicide was caused by a love disappointment,

There is a convention now in session in New York city which the members call "The Brewers' Congress." Some of the largest manufacturers of malt houors in the U. S. are present as delegates. The object of the meeting seems to be to discuss the excise laws and to demand a reduction in the tax on beer.

There is great excitement in the southern portion of Arizona Territory, caused by the depredations of Apache Indians. It is reported that the settlers, believing their lives to be in danger, have abandoned their houses and growing crops and fled to Tuscon.

The Grand Lodge of Masons, now in session at New York, yesterday passed resolutions recognizing the Grand Lodges of Utah and British Columbia, and elected Christopher Fox, of Buffalo, Grand Master. Samuel Reed and L. B. Tuttle, both well-

known citizens of Ayer, in Mass., have been arrested and held to bail in \$50,000 each, charged with causing a fire which nearly destroyed that town on the 13th of April last. Three burglars, who hired a room in a build-

ing adjoining the First National Bank in Jersey City, succeeded in cutting through the walls last night, but were eaptured before they had robbed the vaults. An Exchange for the transaction of cotton,

stock, bond and produce businesss, was opened in Augusta, Georgia, yesterday. Its members embrace the most prominent and substantial merchants in the city.,

An organ-grinder of Taunton, Mass., has a bank account of \$10,000.

The news of the triumph of the Radicals in Oregon is confirmed.

VIRGINIA NEWS

The Morovian has arrived at Norfolk from Liverpool. Nearly six hundred passengersforty-seven cabin and ninety steerage-landed with large freight. Thirteen Danes, eight Germans, eight from Strasbourg, and the rest English. About two-thirds settle in Virginia; remainder go South and West.

A huge vertebræ of some animal is the latest fossil discovered in excavating the tunnel through Church Hill, in Richmond. This bone, found at the depth of one hundred feet from the surface of the hill, is well preserved, except that some of its thin edges are broken off. It is three and a-half inches thick in its thin-

A meeting of the Southern Soldiers' Memorial Association will take place at the Old Chapel, Clarke county, on Saturday, the 15th day of June. It is expected an address will be de-livered on this occasion. This association has for its object the erection of a monument to the memory of the Confederate dead lying in the Old Chapel graveyard. Tuesday morning a young man named Geo.

James, committed suicide, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol, at Norfolk, in a room occupied by a woman named Mary E. Topping. He was beloved by a large circle of friends, and the sad affair has cast quite a gloom among them.

A New York pilot boat, just built, has been named in honor of Gov. Walker. The Governor, has presented the vessel with a handsome set of colors.

The Cane Fibre Paper Mill in Fredericksburg has resumed operations. It employs from twelve to twenty hands.

The next meeting of the King George Agricultural Society will be held at "Powhatao," the hospitable mansion of Col. E. T. Tayloe.

SLEEPING FLOWERS.—Almost all flowers sleep during the night. The marigold goes to bed with the sun, and with him rises weeping. Many plants are so sensitive that they close their leaves during the passage of a cloud. The dandelion opens at five or six in the morning and shuts at nine in the evening. The goat's beard wakes at three in the morning and shuts at five or six in the evening. The English daisy shuts up its blossom in the evening and opens its "day's eye" to meet the early beams of the morning sun. The crocus, tulip and many others, close their blossoms at different hours towards the evening. The ivy-leafed lettuce opens at eight in the morning and closes forever at four in the afternoon. The night-flowering cereus turns night into day. It begins to expand its magnificent sweet-scented blossoms in the twilight; it is full blown at midnight, and closes never to open again with the dawn of the day. In a clover field not a leaf

"the bats and owls of the vegetable kingdom." SMALL-Pox. -We are glad to be able to state that this disease is rapidly disappearing in Rockingham, and that, probably, the quarno new cases recently. The disease did not make its appearance in this County. The

opens until after sunrise. Those plants which

seem to be awake all night have been called

Letter from Fairfax Co.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette. FAIRFAX C. H., VA., June 6. 1872.—The Spring term of the Circuit Court, his Hon .. Judge James Keith, presiding, closed this morning, after a brief session of three days. While the time seems short, much business, especially on the chancery side, was dispatched, giving evidence of the efficiency of the Court. Indeed the Judge, by his diligence, patience and impartiality, added to his marked ability, is becoming one of the most, if not the most, popular judges who has had the honor of a seat on the bench in this circuit, There is one marked feature in his conduct worthy to be imitated by his brothers throughout the State; that is, while time sufficient is allowed for the proper dispatch of the business of the Court, is terms are made as short as possible, thereby curtailing the costs to the county and State as well as taxing as little as possible the time and services of jurors.

The law docket of our Court has dwindled to small proportions, indicating, in the estimation of your correspondent, that our people are, at least, not much harrassed by the 'limbs of the

We have had refreshing showers, doing vast good, yet we stand in need of that long wet season in May, which, to us, at least, failed. The improvements in our town are progressng at a lively rate for the times.

A CAUTION, -Certain persons who haul wood to the city have a habit of engaging their loads to some persons on the street, and selling off a portion of it before reaching the residence of the purchasers to deliver it.

A merchat on Main street has been several times victimized in this way, and on Tuesday the game was attempted to be repeated by a colored man named Charles Henry Glenn, who had previously met with eminent success in swindling him. With smiles and bows he entered the store and proposed to sell his load of wood. The merchant readily agreed to take it, and then proceeded to watch the wagoner. Before reaching the merchant's house he disposed of a considerable part of the wood, and then returned to the store. He found the wide awake merchant ready to pay him for it, and also a policeman ready to take him to the eage and he was sent to the chain gang for thirty days. It is hoped this warning may have a salutary effect on other wagoners who make money in the same way, - Lynch, Rep.

THE DEL FUEGANS. - A correspondent with the Agassiz expedition, writing of the De. Fuegans, says: 'The men wore simply a small seal skin or otter skin thrown over the shoulders and tied around the waist, not usually long enough to extend much below the hips, nor to meet in front without effort. The women had also a little bit of fur about the hips. The children were naked. One would suppose that with this want of clothing, with a latitude in the fifties and perpetual snow, within one thousand feet of the sea level, they might suffer with cold. Yet they were fat, even corputhan some of the Indians on the Sierra and in Nevada. The young men and women, if washed and dressed, might easily pass for Southern Europeans; two of them, in particular, had very sweet amiable faces.'

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.—The signs of the times-the fervor with which the nominations of the Cincinnati Convention have been received in the South, and their rapid growth | at 10). in popularity at the North-teach us our duty; and that is to oppose no obstructions in way of our own regeneration. If our destiny is manifest let us recognize it without questioning the shape in which it comes. Let us grasp it and be content. And let all our efforts be directed to conciliating and combining the antagonistic elements at the North that our friends there may be induced also to make one ast sacrifice for the sake of a restored Union that shall be in reality,

"A Union of hearts and a Union of hands, A Union of lakes and a Union of lands-The American Union forever.'

WASHINGTON ITEMS. - There was yesterday water famine, the mains leading into the city having been stopped to make a connection with a new main now being laid. All of the street hydrants were stopped.

The Oldest Inhabitants have appointed Nicholas Callon orator at the coming anniversary of the national independence, and J. C. Brent reader of the declaration. Seven new cases of small-pox in the eastern

part of the city are reported. In St. Louis, on Monday, a lot of new Ten-

nessee wheat sold on 'Change for \$2.50 per bushel. It was rather green and very damp, but it was kiln dried and ground into flour, ready to sell on 'Change by Wednesday morning, and baked into bread for breakfast Thursday morning.

[COMMUNICATED.

CITY TAXES. - I fully concur in the views of 'Tax Payer," in the Gazette of the 4th inst., as to the injustice of the Council, ordering the sale of real estate for the non payment of city taxes, when personal property could, and can be found on the premises, sufficient to satisfy the claims of the "tax collector." Included in the real estate advertised in the Gazette is a large amount which was confiscated and sold during the war, and purchased at very low prices, by parties who have either occupied it themselves or received the rent from their tenants, and yet the collectors have suffered the taxes to remain uncollected. The unimproved property held by such purchasers should have been proceeded against promptly, in default of the tax payment, and not been permitted to accumulate for ten years, and now call upon the original owners for payment, who have received no benefit whatever from the property, it being out of their possession. "Another Tax Payer."

[COMMUNICATED. Every year, of late, there is an effort made, by some persons, to manufacture public opinion in behalf of favorites for particular places of honor and emolument within the gift of the City Council. This is frequently done with remarkable zeal; and that too by those who should be aware that their favorites could not receive the endorsement of a popular vote, or a majority of the people in their behalf. This is true in regard to many whose claims are urged with more eagerness than moderation on the City Council elect, and is even seen in the efforts made in some fire companies to forestall the opinion of the Council elect in favor of particular persons in what is called the "Fire Department." The market house stood over a half century; under the new regime it stood but five We want judgment and common sens: vears. to rule, and not passion, prejudice, or interest, MORE ANON. to govern.

[COMMUNICATED. CORPORATION TAXES.-Piease publish in the Gazette the following act of the General Assembly, approved March 22, 1871: 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That the collectors of tax and gas bills, under the present charter of the city of Alexandria, shall have the same remedies by distress, sale, or otherwise, to enforce the collection of such delinquent tax and gas bills as have accrued within the past five years, as they now have to collect the tax and gas bills of the current year. 2. This act shall be in force from its passage.

DIED. In Washington, at 12½ p. m., June 5th, at the residence of his father, Dr. Thomas Miller, GEORGE RICHARDS MILLER, M.D., aged 26 years. This friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Church of the Ascension, Saturday, the 8th instant, at 2 o'clock.

Schr John L Tacy, Messervey, hence, at Boston, at Vine-yard Haven 4th instant.

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THE LATE FAILURE. - In order to correct the many exaggerated rumors that are reported to be current in the country the produce of which is sent to this city, the following correct list of the commission merchants of Alexandria who have suffered by the failure of M. Eldrige & Co., and the amounts for which they are involved, is published: The late C. G. Brown, \$6,000; W. A. Moore, \$2600; J. T. Henderson & Co., \$1500; Beckham, Delaplane & Co., \$1500; G. H. Robinson & Son, \$1100; Washington & Herbert, \$900; and Hooe & Johnson, \$600. Capt. Samuel Baker also lost \$1600, but he is not in business. From this it will be seen that the only merchant whose credit could have been at all affected was that of C. G. Brown, who has since died. The business of the others has not even been cramped, and

forty cents on the dollar, if allowed time. COMMERCIAL.

their credit at the banks is as good as it ever

was. The suspended firm, it is reported have

gone into bankruptcy, but will, it is said, pay

Alexandria Market, June 7, 1872.

	FLOUR, Superfine\$8	50	(a)	9 00
N	Extra10	co	(u	10 75
	Family11	00	(0)	12 00
	Family choice00	W	(a)	12 50
	WHEAT, Common to fair 1	60	(a)	1 75
	Fair to good 1	75	(a)	1 90
	Good to prime 1	90	a	2 00
	Prime to choice 2	00	(4)	2 05
	Choice 2	05	(0)	2 10
į,	CORN, white 0	80	(a)	0 82
	Mixed0	78	@	0 80
	Yellow 0	74	a	0 75
	RYE 0	95	@	1 00
	OATS	57	a	0 61
	BUTTER, prime03		@	0 22
	Common to middling 0	12	@	0 15
	EGGS 0	18	ia	0 19
	CHICKENS 4	00	Cay	4 50
	IRISH POTATOES 0	95	(a)	1 00
	LARD 0	9	(a	0 94
	ONIONS 0	50	a	0 60
	BACON, Hams, country 0	10	(a	0 11
•	Sides 0	74	(a)	0 72
	Shoulders 0	61	(ay	0 64
	GREEN APPLES, per bbl 3	50	ia	6 CO
l	Dried per lb 0	7	(a,	0 84
	DRIED PEACHES, pealed 0	14	(a)	0 16
	Unpealed 0	9	a	0 10
	PLASTER, ground, per ton 7	(x)	(4)	0 00
	Ground, in bags or bbls 9	00	(a)	0 00
	Ground, in bags, returned 8	00	(4)	0 00
	Lump 5	W	(w	0 00
	SALT, G. A. (Liverpool) 1	40	(a)	1 50
	Fine 2	10	(a)	2 40
	Turk's Island 0	42	(a	0 45
	WOOL, common unwashed 0	45	(a)	0 48
	Washed 0	60	(a)	0 65
4		4.5	1.0	0.40

REMARKS.-The Flour in rket during the past week has been quiet; the receipts of Southern have been very light, while Western Spring and Winter are in full supply. The sales have been confined to the local trade, the demand for which is light, and is chiefly for good grades of Extra and Super, Family brands being negle ted. The mark t clased quiet, but w'thout change in quotations, which we renew, viz: Family 11 lent, with certainly a better expression of face to \$11 50, choice \$12; Extras 10 to \$10 50; Supers 8 75 to \$9.

Merino, unwashed

0 45 6 0 48

The market for Wheat has been inactive during the week, and closes dutl. Receipts are light, consisting of 50 bushels white and 82 of red, with sales of the latter at 200 for choice. Corn is quiet and unchanged in prices. No

transactions reported on 'Change this morning. Rye is in light receipt. Sales of 22 bushels Plaster is in fair supply, with a limited demand.

Sait is in moderate demand; stock ample Wool i. in demand. Bacon is dull. Butter is very dull; market overstocked, and

sales very difficult to effect. Dried Fruit is in demand. Eggs are in demand.

Chickens are in fair request. Potatoes are very firm. Onions are dull.

ALEXANDRIA CATTLE MARKET, June 7, 1872 Beef Cattle-The offerings this week amounted to 100 head, 20 of which were sold to the butchers here, and the remainder, 80 head, driven to the District markets. Cattle sold at from 44 to 7c gross. Market dull and prices declining .-Cows and Calves are in abundant supply, and scarcely saleable at all. We quote at from 20 to

\$50 nominally.

Sheep and Lambs—Are arriving in large quantities, and are s lling at from 4 to fic gross or he former, and at from 250 to \$450 per head for the latter. Hog. - Are in full supply at from 6 to 61c net.

BALTIMORE CATTLE MARKET. June 6, 1872 Prices to-day for Beef Cattle ranged as follows: Best Beeves at 7 00a\$7 75; generally rated first quality at 5 62a\$7 00; medium or good fair quality at 5 00a\$5 62; ordinary thin Steers, Oxen and Cows at 4 Coa\$4 50; inferior and lowest grades of Cattle 0 00a50 00-general average of the market to-day \$6 121; extreme range of prices 4 00a\$7 75. Most of the sales were from 5.50 to \$6.75 per 100 lbs To-tal sales for the week 859 head, against 999 last week, and 687 head same time last year. Sheep and Lambs-There has been a very good supply of Sheep during this week, and the demand for good qualities has been fair, running about even with the arrivals; common Sheep have been difficult of sale at any price. quote common Sheep nominally at 4c; fair to

good 4½ a5%, and good to extra at 52.6% per lb gross. We quote Lambs at 2.50a\$4.50 per head, as to size and quality.

Hogs -At the close last week the Hog market was not in a very promisir g condition, the heavy receipts for two successive weeks causing a de cline, which the marked falling off in the number of arrivals this week has been ineffectual in arresting until now, when we think the prospec's are that the lowest figures have been touched, at least for a time. The decline since last report has been gradual until at the close to-day, prices ranging at 5 75aS6 25, very few selling at the higher figure, the greater part of the sales ranging at 6a\$6 125; still-fed 5 25a\$5 75 per 100 lbs net.

GEORGETOWN CATTLE MARKET, June 6.— There were 250 Cattle, 60 Cows and Calves and 1800 Sheep and Lambs offe ed to-day. 80 Cattle, 250 Sheep and 40 Cows and Calves were left over unsold. Cattle sold at from 4 to 7c; Sheep 4 to 64c; Lambs 2 50 to \$4 50, and Cows and Calves 15 to \$40. Market very dull, and all kinds of stock declining from late prices.

FREDERICKSBURG MARKET, June 6 .- Flour quiet and no change in quotations since last week's report. Very light offerings of Wheat, which may be quoted at from 150 to 210 for common to choice. Corn 70a72 for white, 67 to 70 for mixed, and 62a65 for yellow. Rye 70a80, and Oats 5('a55.

RICHMOND MARKET, June 6 .- Flour quiet and unchanged. Nothing doing in Wheat or Corn; no offerings, and quotations nominal.— Sales of Outs at 70a72.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, JUNE 7. Sun rose...... 4.34 | Moon sets..... 9.52 Sun sets...... 721

ARRIVED.

Steamer G H Stout, Philadelphia, to M Eldridge & Co. Schrs J L Manson, Groton, and C F Heyer, Bost in, to American Coal Co. Schr I W Hines, Washington, to W A Smoot SAILED.

Steamer John Gibson, Winters, New York, y Hooe & Johnston. Steamer Wawaset, Fowlkes, Cone river, by Potomac Ferry Co. Schr Mary Augu ta, Wroten, Baltimore, by B H Lambert.

MEMORANDA. Schr John L Tacy, Messervey, hence, at Bos-on 5th instant.

CANAL COMMERCE.





Boats Jos F Hitch and E P Stiffey, to New Central Coal Co; boats A J Thomas, H C Flagg. Alex Ray, H B Cromwell, J B Cazeaux, Jno P Moore, Thos Paton and G K Sistare, to American Coal Co; boat G iver S Mans, to Hamp & Baltimore Coal Co; boat F A Mertin, te Maryland Coal Co.

Boats D A Lowe, Edward Rizer, J S Daven-port, Wm Doyle, Goldfinch, Samuel H Davis, M Fannon, Jos F Hitch, J M Resiey, Robert J Morris, H C Flagg and A J Thomas, for Cumberland

A Card.

The anonymous authors (to me unknown) of the card referred to in the correspondence hereto appended, having made a covert and libellous attack on me, I hereby denounce them as cowards and calumniators. Any one feeling aggrieved by the above has my address. A. NICOL, Brentsville, Va.

Warrenton, Va., June 1st, 1872.

James F. Clarke, esq.: Sir-I desire to know whether you are the responsible author of the card addressed to the fellow-citizens of Prince William county, signed "The People of Manassas," and posted at the several precincts in our (Prince William) county on election day. You will please reply through Col. John S. Mosby. Yours.

Manassas, Prince William co., Va, !

Hon. A. Nicol: Sir-In reply to your note through Colonel Mosby asking if I am the responsible author of the card issued prior to the recent election signed "The People of Manassas," I have to answer I am not. Respectfully, Jas F. Clarke.
Forwarded by Col. Jno. S. Mosby je 7-lt*

CHOICE SUGAR-CURED SMOKED BREF, all selected tender pieces, for sale by AVERY & DAVIDSON, 226 King st., cor. Alfred.

E AGLE and MONUMENTAL BRANDS
CONDENSED MILK for sale by
G. WM. RAMSAY,
je 7 S. E. cor. King and St. Asaph sts. PINEAPPLE, Young America, Edam, Sapsago and Cheddar Cheese, for sale by G. W.M. RAMSAY,

S. E. cor. King and St. Asaph st. 500 BALES OF CLOVER and TIMO-THY HAY in store and for sale at 201 King street. je 7-2m

AUGUSTUS WALL. 14 TOOLS FOR FIFTY CENTS for sale at 147 King street.
W. F. BROOKES & BRO. je 7 PRING TRADE.

NEW MUSICAL GOODS.

Just received a new assortment of fine double and single reed GERMAN ACCORDEONS— the same that have given so much satisfaction. More of those CHEAP VIOLINS, from \$2.50 to \$4.00, of good tone; Guitars, Violin Bows, Harmonicos, Jews Harps, fine Banjoes of my own make, and everything usually found in a

regular Music store. I desire to call attention to my large assortment of Violin and Guitar Strings, of my own importation; botter in quality and cheaper than any offered heretofore, comprising genuine Italian, French and German Strings, at wholesale ind retail.

Always on hand fine new and second-hand PIANOS for sale or rent.

Smith's superior Parlor and Church Organs. I am agent for Wm. Knabe & Co's. Splendid Pianos, offering them for sale at factory prices, and on accommodating terms usual in other cities.
SHEET MUSIC, new and popular, a select

stock always on hand. I will supply any Music published upon being furnished with the correct name of the piece and composer thereof. The usual discount to teachers and schools. Music and Strings sent to order by mail. All kinds of Musical Instruments repaired, tuned,

Terms always eash, with the exception of those mutually agreed upon for Pianos and Organs. ap 4-tf V. BECKER.

OFFICE ALEXANDRIA WATER CO., May 13th, 1872. The unprecedented early commencement of a general and severe drought has excited the apprehension of a short supply of water, and calls for preventive measures on the part of its officers to provide against all unnecessary waste by

It is the earnest request of the President and Directors to heads of families that no unneces-sary waste shall be permitted, and that servants and children shall shut off hydrants as soon as possible when used.

Especial attention is called to the use of washpans and bath-tubs, both fruitful sources of waste. The rules and regulations of the Company, under its charter, provide fines and penalties for ang and all unnecessary waste, and it becomes the imperative duty of the officers, especially under the condition of a scant supply, to enforce these wholesome regulations upon all offenders. A deficiency of this indispensable article to housekeepers induces us to hope that we shall be sustained in our efforts to prevent all waste, while furnishing all parties with a necessary supply for domestic purposes.
my 13-w2m R. H. MILLER, President.

Book & Job Printing Office,

We are always prepared, to print at short notice, in a workmanlike manner, and at-reasonable prices, all descriptions of JOB PRINTING.

from a Visiting Card to the largest Poster. Our facilities are unsurpassed, and those entrusting work with us may rely upon its being satisfactorily executed.

M USICAL NOTICE. The elegant toned Piano used at the Concert given by the Masenic Lodge, at Sarepta Hall, was from Stieff's celebrated factory. It is for sale on reasonable terms at my Piano Ware-

ORGANS, including Smith's and other first-class makers, from \$80 to \$175. V. BECKER. je 3-3t NEW GOODS.

We have just received an addition to our stock of DRY GOODS, consisting in part of-PRINTS, PERCALES.

GRENADINES, DRESS GOODS, LACE SACKS, &c. HOOMES, ASHBY & CO. NEW WALL PAPERS.

The largest and best selected stock of WALL PAPERS and DECORATIONS ever offered in this city-new designs selected with great care from the best manufacturers.

All orders for Papering private or public buildings promptly executed with artistic skill. The many years' experience makes me confident of giving satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage. J. P. CLARKE, me with their patronage. J. P. CLARKE, ap 6 No. 158 King street, Alexa.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.

Just re eived from the manufacturers my third supply of Children's Carriages. I have purchased these at a much lower figure than they sold for early in the season, and will sell them at same rates. C. C. BERRY, 72 King street. my 28

NOTICE.—Persons wishing to see Doctor FAWCETT, Dentist, professionally, will please call at his office, No. 92 north Washington street, before the last of this month, as he expects to spend the months of July and August in the country. FOR SALE-400 SECOND-HAND GRAIN

SACKS, belonging to Payne & Marshall;